



WEEE REPORT

Report Reference No......: **ZKT-25121629995-R**

Date of issue.....: Dec. 18, 2025

Total number of pages..... 9

Testing Laboratory.....: **Shenzhen ZKT Technology Co., Ltd.**

Address.....: 1/F, No. 101, Building B, No. 6, Tangwei Community Industrial Avenue, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

Applicant's name.....: **Shenzhen Arvov Technology Co., Ltd**

Address.....: 322 Shenrun Cloud Valley, No. 8 Xieli Road, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Test Report Form No......: --

Test Report Form(s) Originator.....: ZKT Testing

Master TRF.....: Dated: 2017-06

This test report is specially limited to the above client company and product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior written consent of ZKT Test.

Test item description.....: Tire pressure monitoring display

Trade Mark.....: ARVOV

Manufacturer.....: Same as applicant

Model/Type reference.....: TDS200

TN600, TN200, CAN100, CAN300, TRP100, TRP400, GPS-AD1, GPS-WW2.



Testing procedure and testing location:

Testing Laboratory.....: Shenzhen ZKT Technology Co., Ltd.

Address.....: 1/F, No. 101, Building B, No. 6, Tangwei Community Industrial Avenue, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China.

Date of Test.....: Dec. 14, 2025 to Dec. 18, 2025

Tested by (name + signature).....:

Bowers Zhang

Reviewer (name + signature).....:

Peter Huang

Approved (name + signature).....:

Awen He





1. General Information

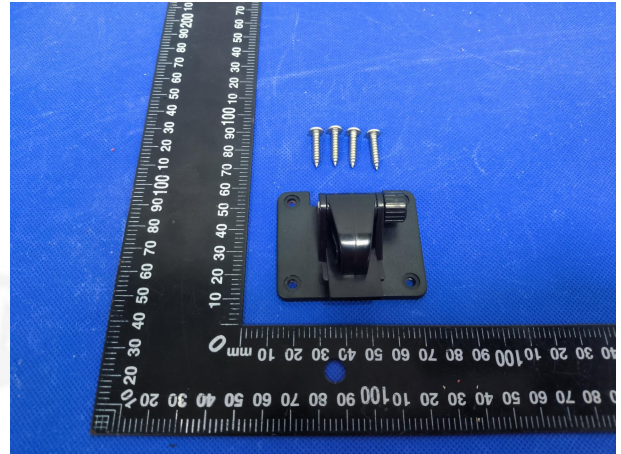
Manufacturer/Vendor	Shenzhen Arvov Technology Co., Ltd
Country of origin	PRC
Product name	Tire pressure monitoring display
Product model	TDS200
Product weight	225.88g
WEEE category	Consumer equipment

2. Result of Reuse /Recycling/Recovery Assessment

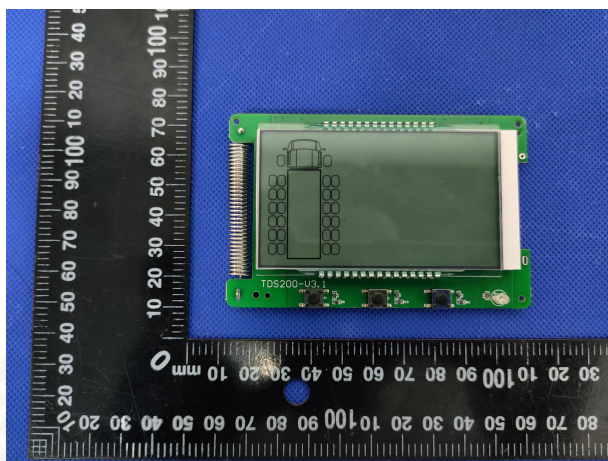
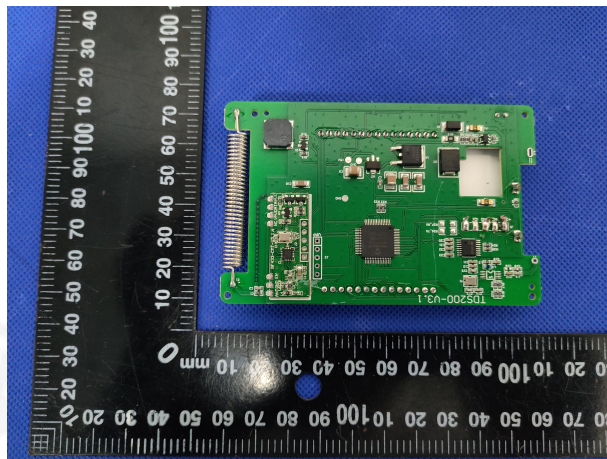
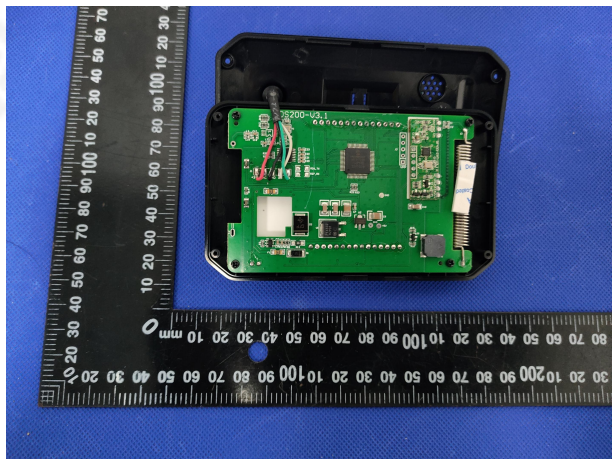
Reuse /Recycling /Recovery	Reuse/Recycling/(%)	Recovery(%)
Reuse /Recycling /Recovery Targets under the 2012/19/EU WEEE Directive	70	75
Result of Assessment	83.3	88.7
WEEE requirement compliance	OK	OK



3. Appearance of the Product



Interior





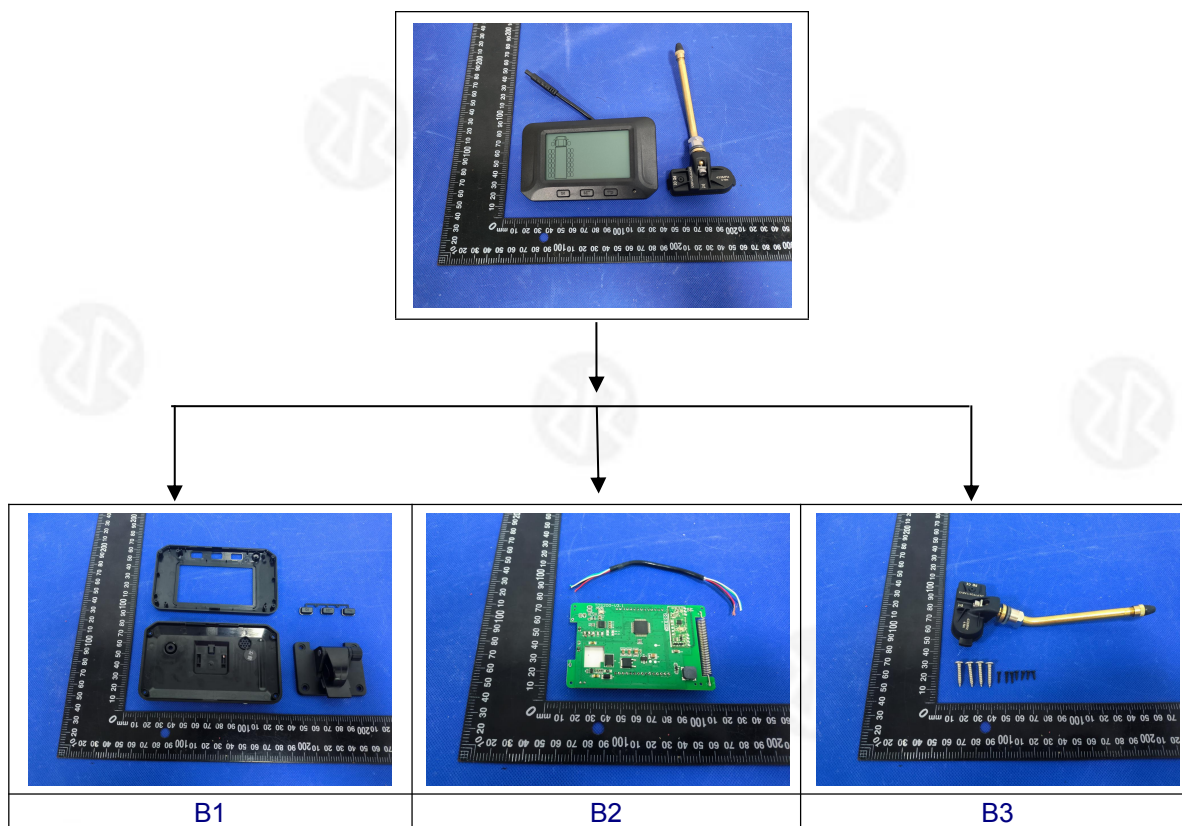
4. Selective Treatment for Materials and Components

According to Articles 6(1) and the Annex II of the WEEE Directive, this product contains components and material items are described in the following table.

Component/Material	Photo No.	Weight (g)
PLASTIC	B1	54.03
PCB	B2	61.15
Metal	B3	85.18

5. Disassembly Procedure

The disassembly procedure taken here is in accordance with the treatment requirements under the Annex II of the WEEE Directive. In addition, to consider economic and efficiency factors, manual operation and disassembly tools have been applied to separate the components and materials from this product in order to simulate the scenario at the treatment facility, and to achieve the objective that the separated components and materials can be reused, recycled and recovered.





6. Material and Recycling Information

The reuse, recycling and recovery assessment for this product is based upon economic and efficiency considerations, and the waste treatment technologies and equipment that are most frequently available to the market.

Note:

Due to their insignificant weight and the difficulty of their separation in a manual operation, sticker, solder, paint and printing materials are not included in this assessment.

Plastic containing brominated flame retardants is not assessed in the list.

7. Recycling and Recovery Rate Calculation

Reuse Recycling& Recovery Rate using in the report are calculated as following formulas:

$$\text{Reuse \& Recycling Rate (\%)} = \frac{\text{Reuse \& Recycling Weight}}{\text{Product Total Weight}}$$

$$\text{Recovery Rate (\%)} = \frac{\text{Reuse \& Recycling Weight} + \text{Energy Recovery Weight}}{\text{Product Total Weight}}$$

Total weigh of the product is including the main product and accessories.



8. ANNEX II of WEEE Directive

Selective treatment for materials and components of waste electrical and electronic equipment:

- Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) containing capacitors in accordance with Council Directive 96/59/EC of 16 September 1996 on the disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls and polychlorinated terphenyls (PCB/PCT) (1),
- Mercury containing components, such as switches or backlighting lamps,
- Batteries,
 - Printed circuit boards of mobile phones generally, and of other devices if the surface of the printed circuit board is greater than 10 square centimetres,
- Toner cartridges, liquid and pasty, as well as colour toner,
- Plastic containing brominated flame retardants,
- Asbestos waste and components which contain asbestos,
- Cathode ray tubes,
- Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC), hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFC) or hydrofluorocarbons (HFC), hydrocarbons (HC),
- Gas discharge lamps,
 - Liquid crystal displays (together with their casing where appropriate) of a surface greater than 100 square centimeters and all those back-lighted with gas discharge lamps,
- External electric cables,
 - Components containing refractory ceramic fibres as described in Commission Directive 97/69/EC of 5 December 1997 adapting to technical progress Council Directive 67/548/EEC relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances ,
 - Components containing radioactive substances with the exception of components that are below the exemption thresholds set in Article 3 of and Annex I to Council Directive 96/29/Euratom of 13 May 1996 laying down basic safety standards for the protection of the health of workers and the general public against the dangers arising from ionising radiation ,
 - Electrolyte capacitors containing substances of concern (height > 25 mm, diameter > 25 mm or proportionately similar volume)



9. Recommendations for WEEE Directive Compliance

- In order to avoid the product not meeting the reuse/recycling/recovery targets regulated under the WEEE Directive and the regulations of EU countries, the applicant company should, when selecting material and components design, consider they can be easy to reuse and recycle. This consideration will lessen the impact of the required international environmental directives and also improve the product's competitiveness.
- It is recommended that the applicant company, when designing new product, especially where components and materials have a large weight ratio, should consider using recyclable materials in order to increase the product's reuse/recycling/recover ratio.
- The product should apply to the RoHS Directive (Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment). The hazardous substance specification in the Directive should be controlled in the homogenous material of this product.
- If a product has changed its product design, or materials or components employed, then the product should be reassessed and retested in accordance with the WEEE Directive for reuse/recycling/recovery assessment and RoHS for restricted/banned substances requirements.

*****END OF REPORT*****